## Homework Solutions Chapter 11 – Page 713

## Exercise 28

1. Let  $\mu_1$  be the average number of cavities by children who use the New Brand and let  $\mu_2$  be the average number of cavities by children who use the Competitor Brand. The hypotheses are

$$\begin{array}{ll} H_0: & \mu_1 = \mu_2 \\ H_1: & \mu_1 < \mu_2 \end{array}$$

2.  $\alpha = 0.01$ .

3. 
$$t = \frac{(\overline{x}_1 - \overline{x}_2) - 0}{s_p \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + ]frac 1n_2}}.$$

4. First, compute  $s_p$ . Enter the data into two separate lists in the TI-83 and use **1-Var-Stats** for each list. We obtain  $\overline{x}_1 = 2.0$ ,  $s_1 = 1.0$ ,  $\overline{x}_2 = 2.636$ , and  $s_2 = 2.335$ . Next, calculate  $s_p$ .

$$s_p = \sqrt{\frac{(n_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}}$$
$$= \sqrt{\frac{10 \cdot 1.0^2 + 10 \cdot 2.335^2}{20}}$$
$$= 1.796.$$

$$t = \frac{1.0 - 2.636}{1.796\sqrt{\frac{1}{11} + \frac{1}{11}}}$$
$$= -\frac{1.636}{0.7658}$$
$$= -2.136.$$

- 5. p-value = tcdf(-E99,-2.136,20) = 0.0226.
- 6. Accept  $H_0$ .
- 7. There is no difference in the average number of cavities between the two brands.

You could use 2-SampTTest to compute the values in Steps 4 and 5.